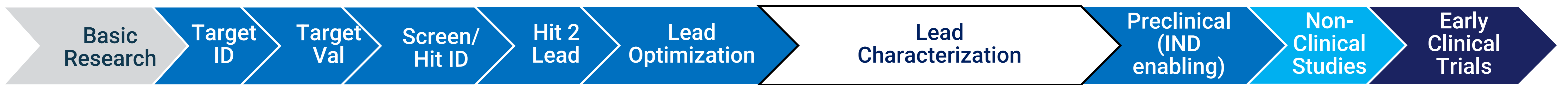


## Integrated Drug Discovery and Early Development Services in Age-related diseases

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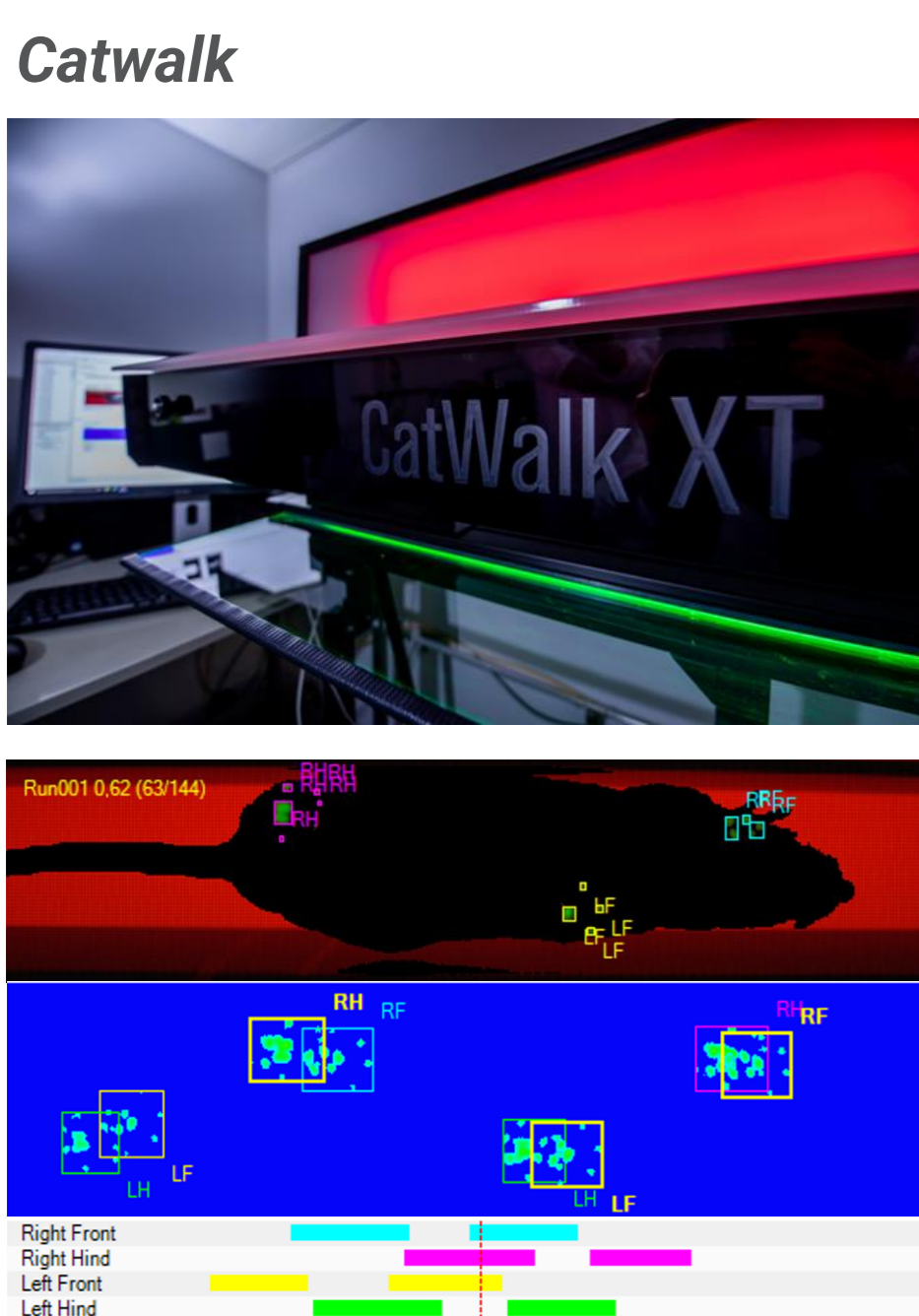
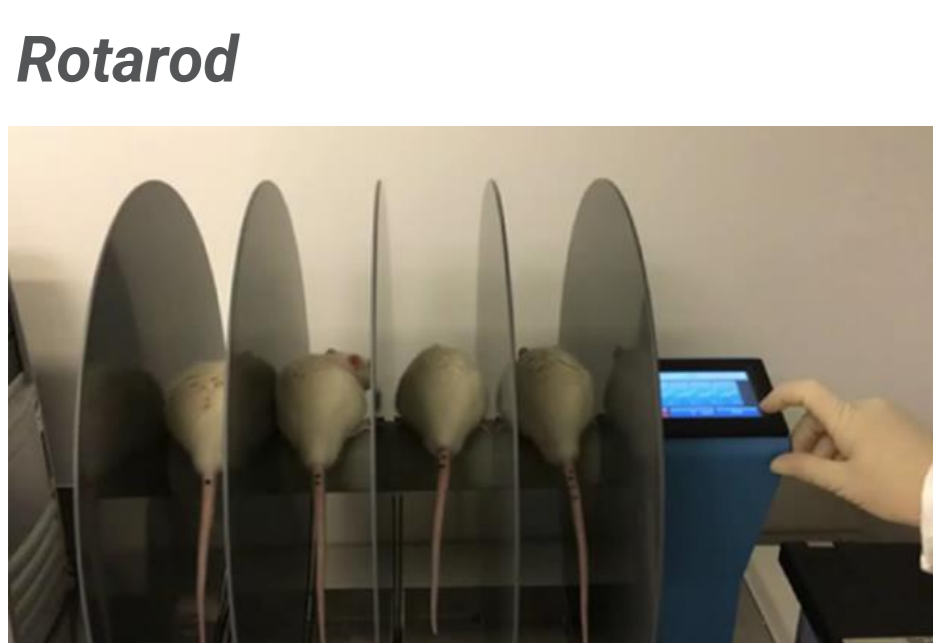
The trend towards higher life expectancy observed over the past decades is accompanied by an increasing number of patients with various diseases that often affect the cardiovascular, nervous, and metabolic systems. Since this has become a challenge for any modern health system, a continuous demand to develop new treatments is emerging. As aging is affecting the whole body, research and development of new therapies require flexible approaches looking at various organs and tissues and thereby integrating conventional and modern state-of-the-art techniques. Based on our extensive pharmaceutical research expertise, Nuvisan ICB GmbH provides comprehensive *in vivo* and *in vitro* platforms to support drug discovery programs for various therapeutic areas. Moreover, we build model systems to identify and validate novel drug targets in age-related diseases and beyond. These activities are supported by our in-house expertise in induced pluripotent stem cells (iPSCs) that allow the development of personalized therapies, as well.

### NUVISAN

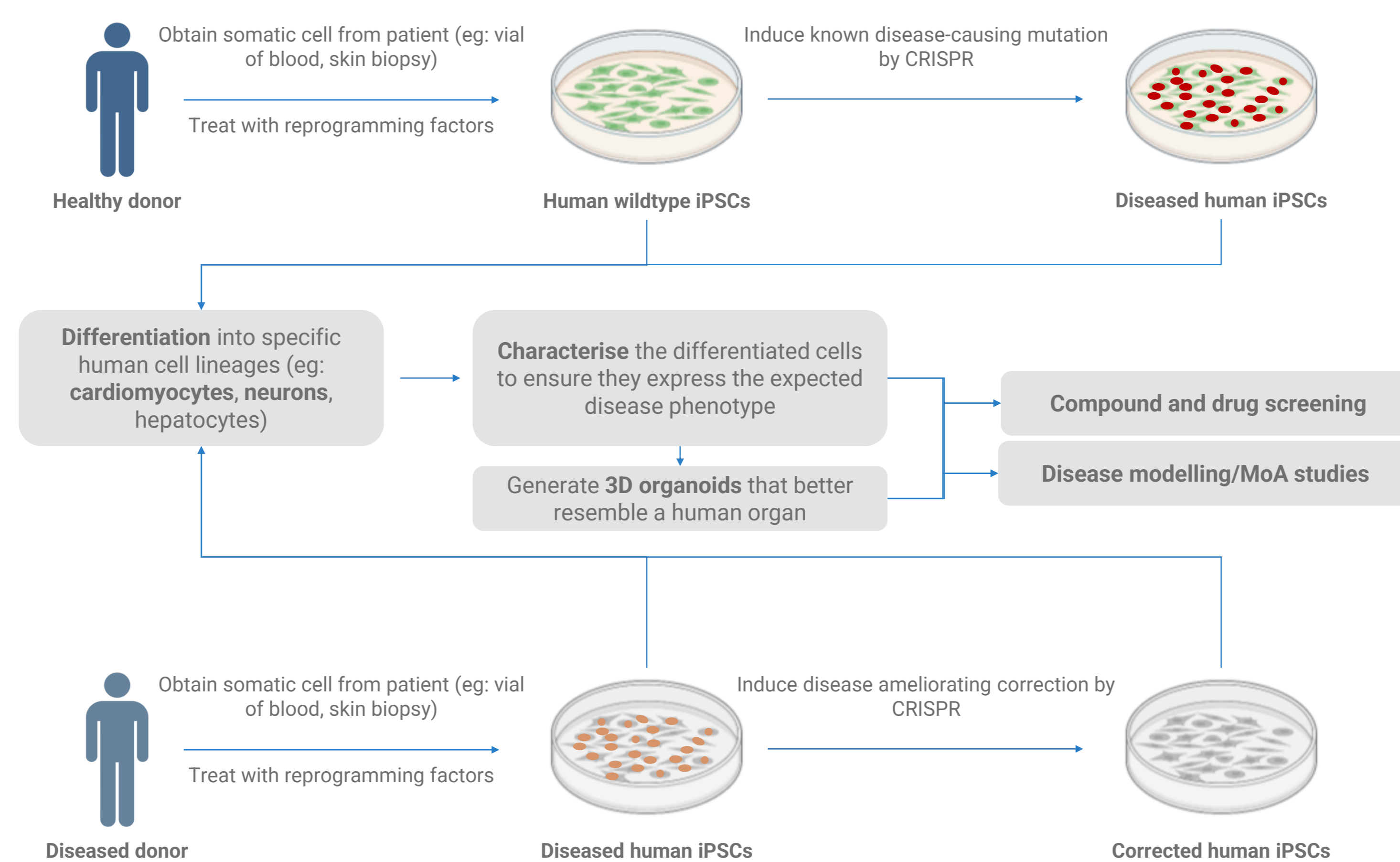


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#### Neurodegenerative diseases

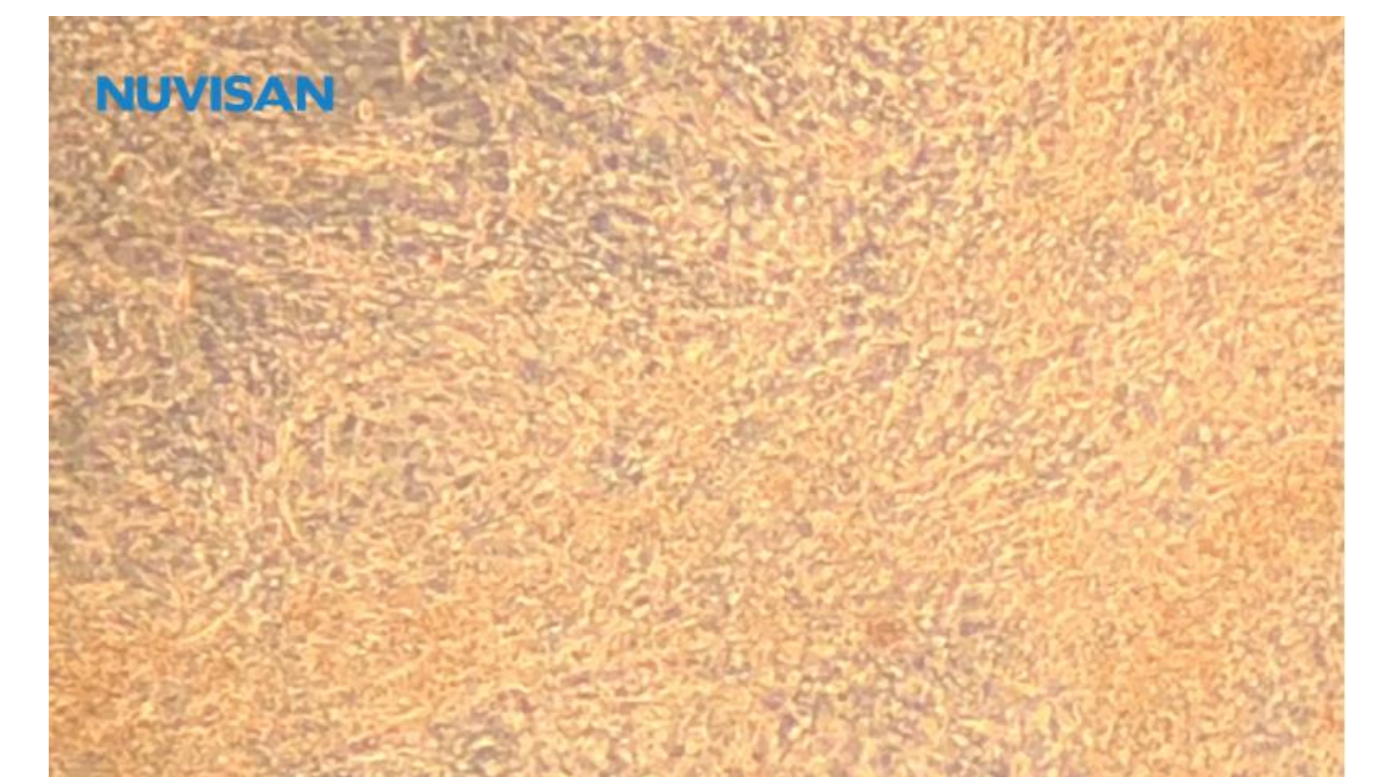


#### iPSCs for disease modelling and drug screening

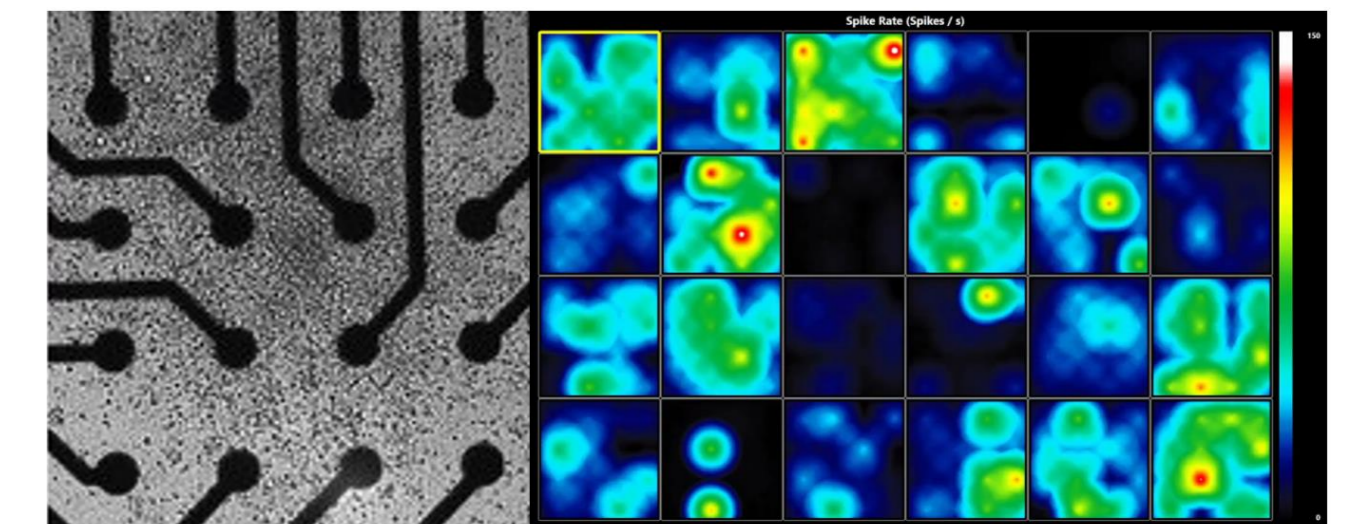


#### Cardiovascular diseases

##### iPSCs derived cardiomyocytes



##### Multi-electrode array (MEA)



## Integrated Services in Age-related diseases

#### Metabolic and liver diseases

##### Capabilities to address metabolic diseases

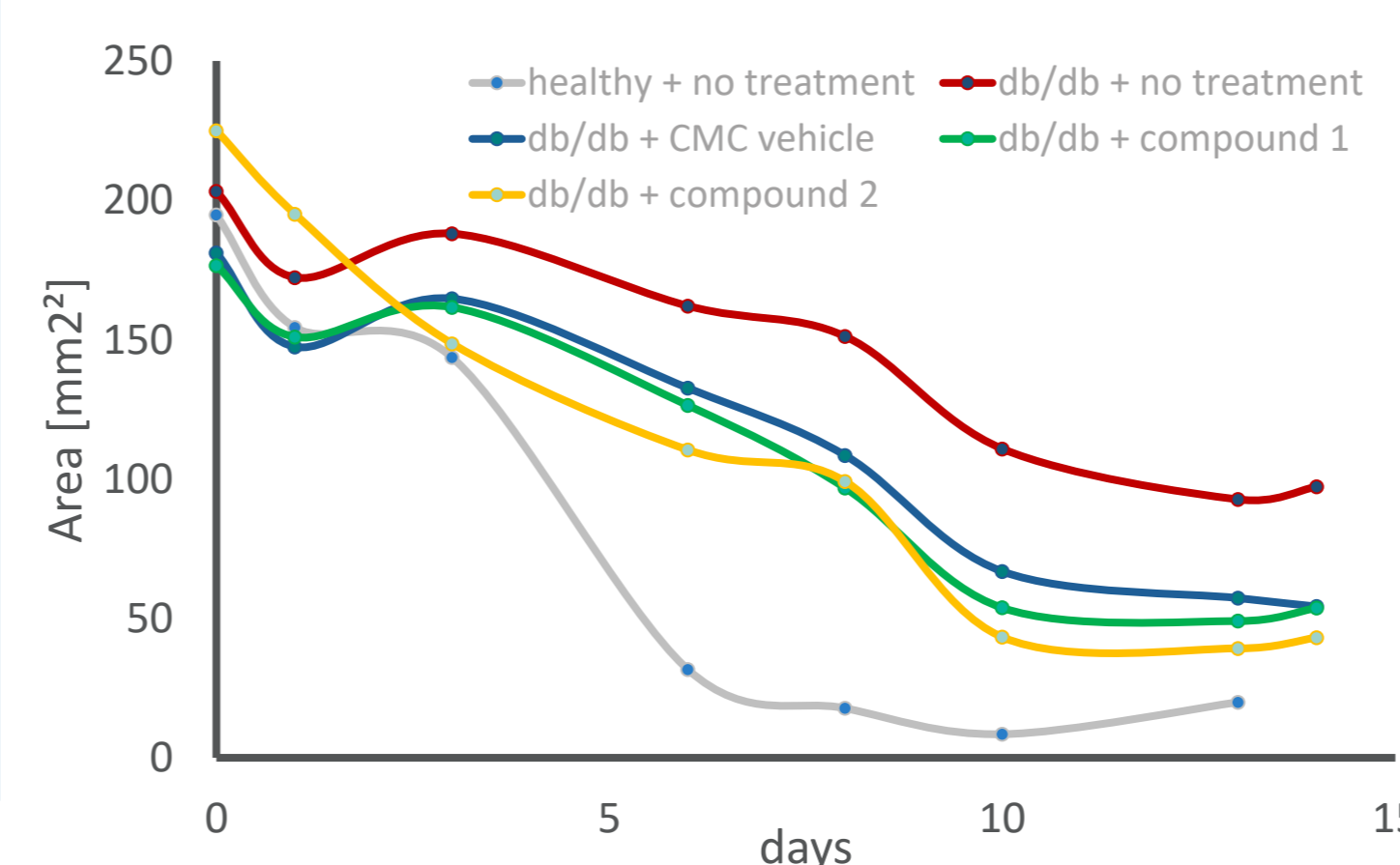
<b>Asset Indication Mapping (AIM)</b>	<b>In vitro / Ex vivo</b> Histology, 2D-3D, rodent tissue, human cells, iPSC	<b>Rodent in vivo models &amp; methods</b>	<b>Biomarkers</b>
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Scientific rationale &amp; feasibility</li> <li>In silico data crawling</li> <li>Manual curation</li> <li>Clinical assessment</li> <li>Commercial assessment (partial coverage)</li> </ol> <p>→ Prioritization of PoC indication → Preclinical and clinical path forward definition</p>	<p>Histology: ICH &amp; IF</p> <p>Hepatocytes (for fibrotic disease modelling &amp; toxicity screens)</p> <p>Stellate cells, endothelial cells, other primary human fibroblasts, immune cells, pre-adipocytes,...</p> <p>RNAL, CRISPR genome editing</p> <p>Mitochondria respiration assessment (Seahorse)</p>	<p>Mouse CCl<sub>4</sub> &amp; TAA liver fibrosis</p> <p>Mouse &amp; rat models for obesity, insulin resistance &amp; diabetes</p> <p>Diet induced obesity rodent models</p> <p>Diagnostic tests: GTT, ITT, PTT &amp; oLTT</p> <p>Metabolic cages for urine collection (non-surgical models)</p> <p>NMR body composition analysis</p>	<p>AST, ALT, creatinine, albumin, glucose, etc</p> <p>ELISAs and colorimetric assays</p> <p>RT-PCR</p> <p>FACS</p> <p>Bulk and single cell Next Generation Sequencing of pre-clinical and clinical material</p>

##### In vivo: Hepatotoxin-induced liver fibrosis in mice



#### Skin diseases

##### Wound healing



##### ex vivo: Fibrosis in Precision Cut Liver Slices

