Are Parasitic Diseases still a Continuing Health Problem in Gaza Strip, Palestine?

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Abstract

According to the World Health Organization, an estimated 3.5 billion people worldwide continue to

be affected by intestinal parasitic infections which to be one of the greatest health problems in the

developing world. Most literature states that Intestinal parasites and other parasitic diseases are

endemic in the Gaza Strip for decades, despite the improvement in infrastructure as in other

developing countries. Due to the many unfavourable health conditions in the Gaza Strip, these

intestinal parasites continue to survive. There are many reports on parasitic diseases in the Gaza Strip,

including the epidemiology of intestinal parasites, prevalence, diagnosis, the association between

intestinal parasites and malnutrition and environmental contamination caused by these parasites, and

sexually transmitted parasitic diseases such as Trichomonas vaginalis. This lecture aiming to discusses

infections with intestinal parasites and other parasitic diseases in the Gaza Strip, and its treatments in

children and adults. The challenges encountered during diagnosis and the associated risk factors are

also addressed, followed by some proposed solutions to decrease/minimize further increases in

infections with intestinal parasites in the Gaza Strip.

Key words: Parasites, prevalence, Gaza, Epidemiology, Health, Environment, Contamination,